



# Transforming public procurement: maximising the opportunity presented by the act

















Delivering the



Cabinet Office

Commissioning Academy

On behalf of and through

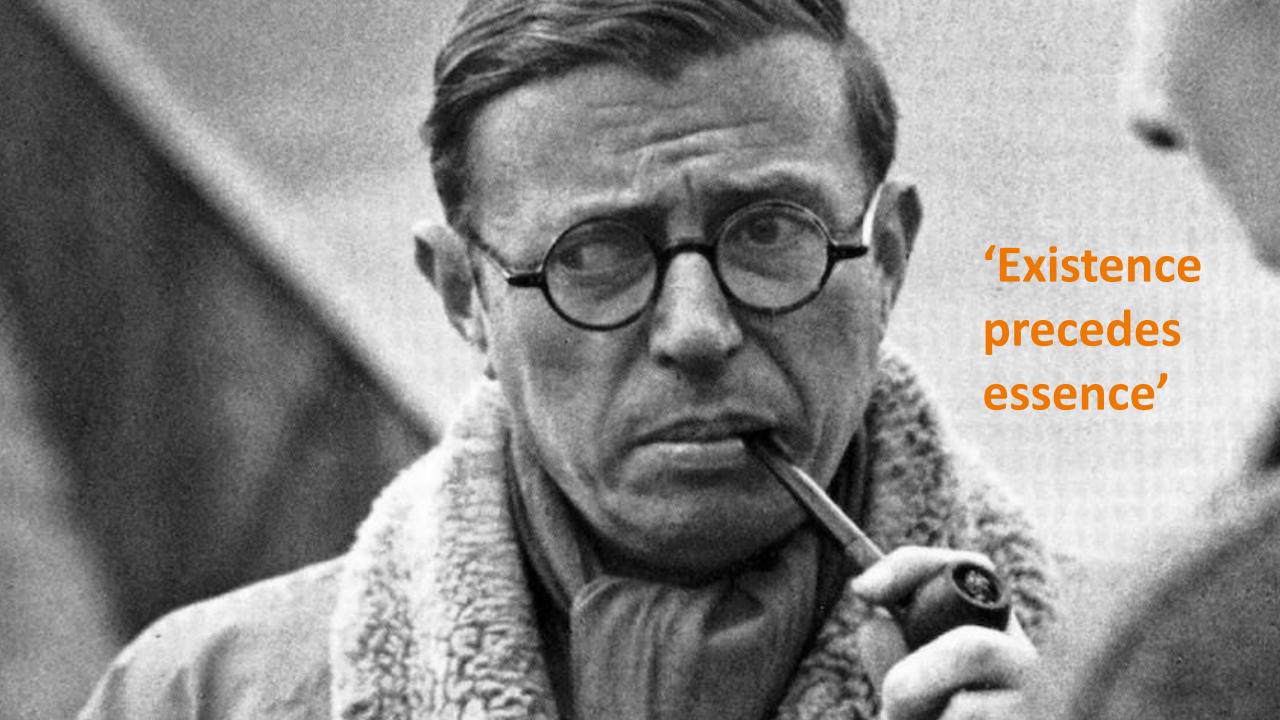


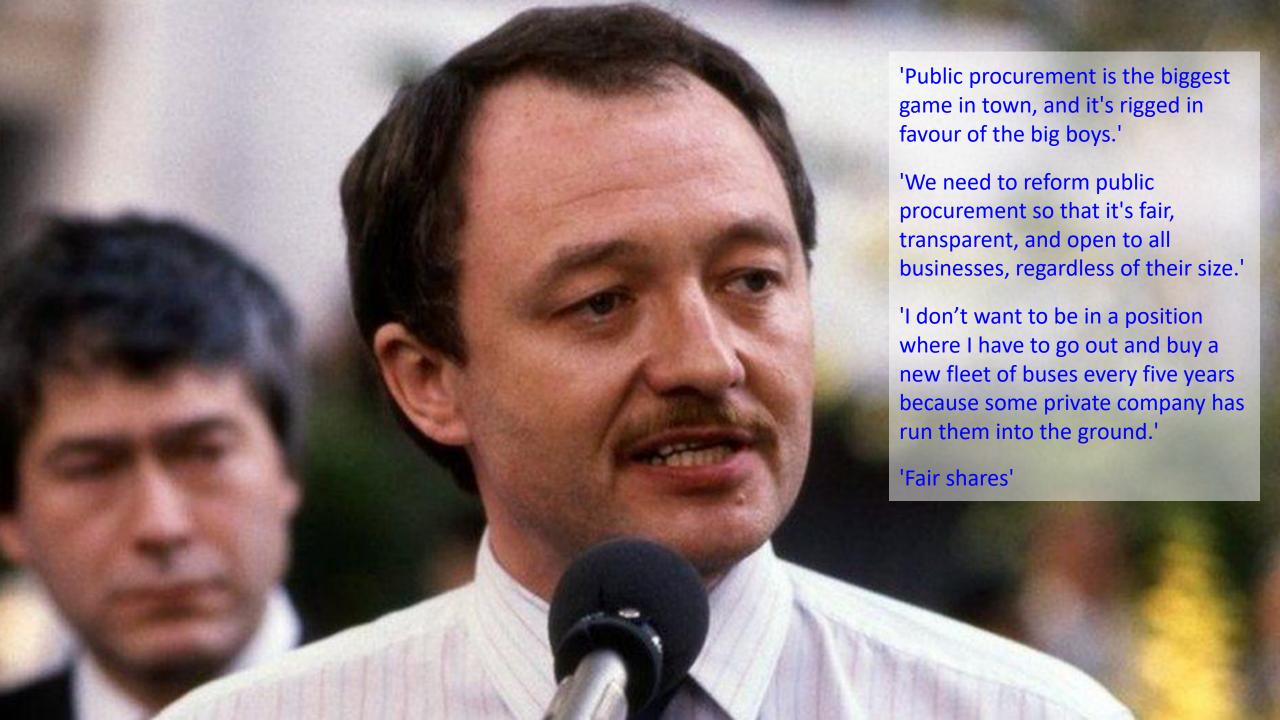






Department for Digital, Culture, Media & Sport





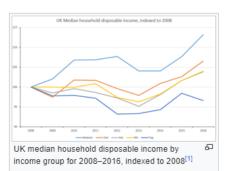


From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

This article is about the austerity programme in the 21st century. For austerity during the years immediately following World War II, see Social history of the United Kingdom (1945–present) § Age of Austerity.

The **United Kingdom government austerity programme** is a fiscal policy that was adopted for a period in the early 21st century following the Great Recession. The term was used by the Coalition and Conservative governments in office from 2010 to 2019, and again during the 2021–present cost of living crisis. The two periods are separated by a stint of interventionist, Keynesian spending during the COVID-19 pandemic.

The Conservative-led government claimed that austerity served as a deficit reduction programme consisting of sustained reductions in public spending and tax rises, intended to reduce the government budget deficit and the role of the welfare state in the United Kingdom. Some commentators accepted this claim, but many scholars have observed that in fact its primary, largely unstated aim, like most austerity policies, [2] was to restore the rate of profit. [3][4]

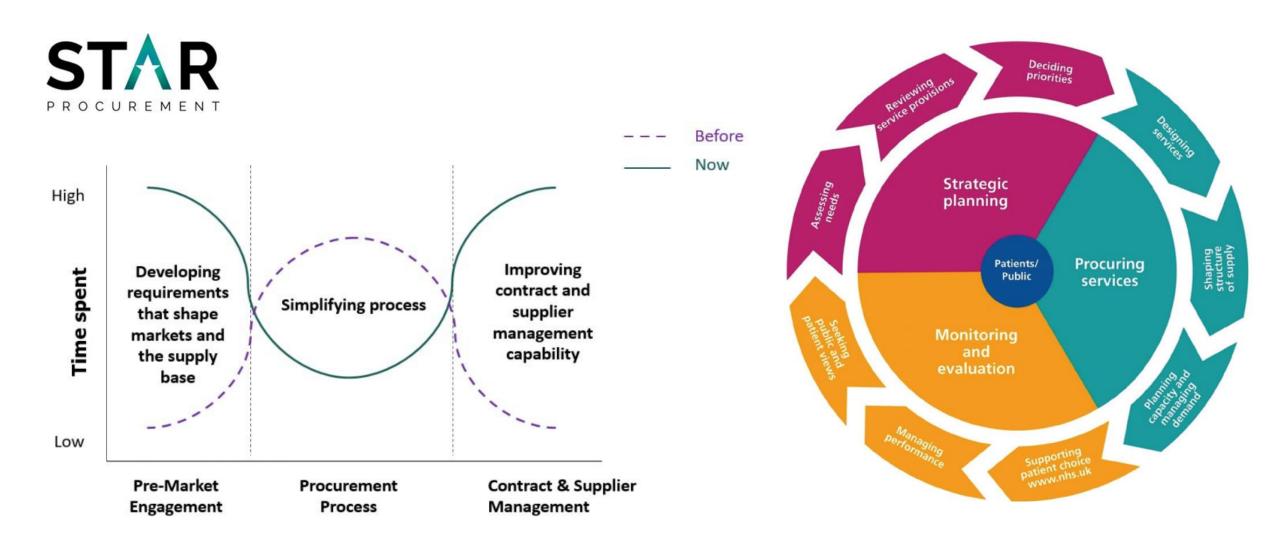


Successive Conservative governments claimed that the National Health Service<sup>[5]</sup> and education<sup>[6]</sup> had been "ringfenced" and protected from direct spending cuts,<sup>[7]</sup> but between 2010 and 2019 more than £30 billion in spending reductions were made to welfare payments, housing subsidies and social services.<sup>[8]</sup>

The effects of United Kingdom austerity policies have proved controversial and the policies have received criticism from a variety of politicians and economists. Anti-austerity movements have been formed among citizens more generally. [9]

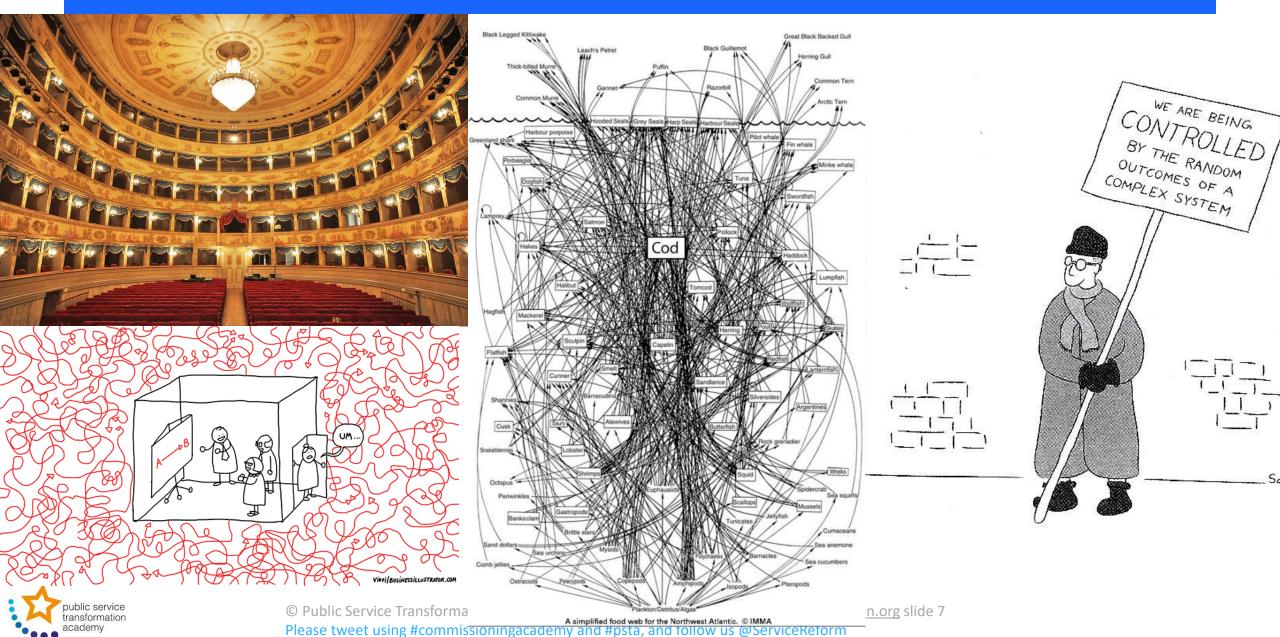


### Narrowing our purpose





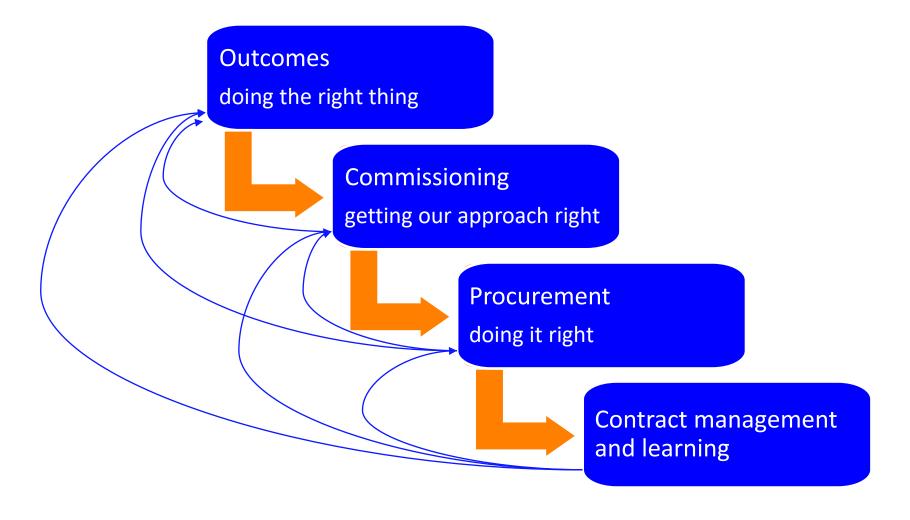
# Playing on a wider stage – working in complex systems







### The commissioning mindset – three types of thinking





# How commissioning has progressed – is there something to learn here?

#systemschange

Commissioning 1.0 looking out across markets to get the best service / payment by results

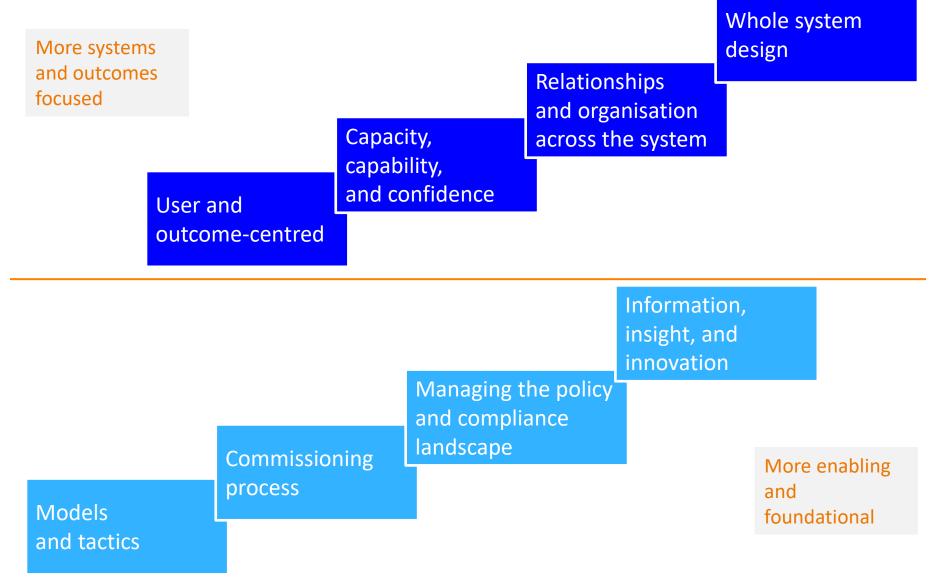
Commissioning 2.0 real outcomes thinking – taking responsibility for results

Commissioning 3.0 building on assets – achieving better together

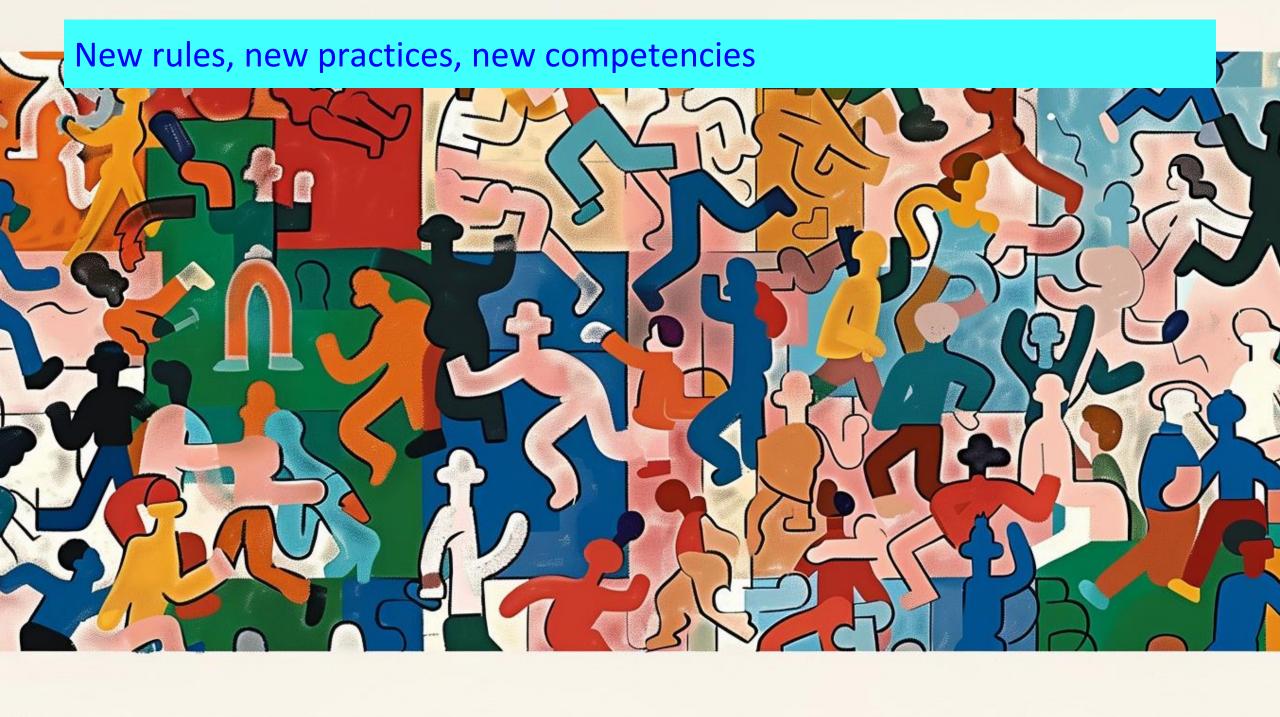
'commissioning' as competition or comparison



# Eight aspects of commissioning























Delivering the



Leadership Academy Cabinet Office Civil Service Learning Commissioning Academy



On behalf of and through

#### The Public Service Transformation Academy

- The Cabinet Office Commissioning Academy
- The Leading Transformation 'mini-MBA' programme
- Virtual Academies
- Place-based and regional Commissioning and Transformation Academies
- The Service Transformation Programme
- Introduction to commissioning
- Contract management
- Radical Procurement Academy

- Learning by doing, adult, peer
- Tailored every time
- Honest conversations, people who can tell the war stories
- Cross-sector public service

#### Our aim:

- 'do ourselves out of work': create the capability and capacity to not need us any more
- develop organisations and sectors – not just individuals

A modern form of learning



## We welcome follow-up and conversation!

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